

SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS AND TECHNOLOGY

SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO



Sault College

COURSE OUTLINE

COURSE TITLE: Regional Geology

CODE NO. : NRT 221 **SEMESTER:** 3

PROGRAM: Parks & Outdoor Recreation Technician

AUTHOR: Harvey Robbins

DATE: June 2000 **PREVIOUS OUTLINE DATED:** August 1999

APPROVED:

	_____	_____
	DEAN	DATE

TOTAL CREDITS: 3

PREREQUISITE(S): None

LENGTH OF COURSE: 16 Weeks **TOTAL CREDIT HOURS:** 48

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For additional information, please contact Joe Fruchter, Dean
School of Natural Resources
(705) 759-2554, Ext.688

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Code No.**I. COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Students will gain an understanding of the processes that have led to the incredible variety of formations in the rocks and soils of our region. These will be related to land use and travel patterns both contemporary and historical. Included will be rock formation, minerals, surficial geology, soils and fossil formation and identification.

II. LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ELEMENTS OF THE PERFORMANCE:

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will demonstrate the ability to:

1. Explain the Geological Development of the Earth since the Beginning of its formation.

Potential Elements of the Performance:

- Describe the makeup of the earth
- Explain the theory of plate tectonics, (continental drift)
- Explain why magnetic reversals are observed
- Explain the structure of subduction zones and their associated phenomena
- Describe mid-oceanic ridges
- Describe the geological time scale and how it applies to Ontario
- Explain the development of the present-day continents.
- Explain the major dating processes used to determine the age of rocks

2. Explain the Development of Ontario's Precambrian Shield Country.

Potential Elements of the Performance:

- Explain the role of Plate Tectonics in forming the Precambrian in Ontario
 - the Archean Continent and Superior Province
 - the Southern Province-a Zone of Transition and Change
 - the Grenville Orogeny and the Grenville Province
 - Pre-Cambrian Sedimentation, glaciation and Metamorphosis
- Describe the present-day Precambrian provinces and zones in relation to the building processes described previously

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- Identify a variety of rock types found in the Algoma District and relate them to the previously described geological processes
 - Identify a variety of important and common minerals of Ontario
3. Describe the Sedimentary building events of the Paleozoic era, which have led to Sedimentary rock formation south and north of the Precambrian Shield.

Potential Elements of the Performance:

- Describe the main types of sedimentary rock found in Ontario in relation to rock type, origin, characteristics and age
 - Explain the formation of Precambrian sandstones
 - Explain the formation of the Middle Ordovician Limestones of the North Channel Islands and central S. Ontario
 - Explain the formation of the Upper Ordovician Deposits of Manitoulin Is. and central S. Ontario
 - Explain the formation of the Silurian deposits of Manitoulin Is. and the Niagara Escarpment
 - Explain the formation of Devonian rocks of SW Ontario
 - Identify the major sedimentary rock types
 - Identify major fossil groups found in the sedimentary rocks of Ontario
 - Explain why the remains of dinosaurs and other more recent large animals have seldom been found in Ontario
 - Relate each of the above to Ontario's geological time scale
4. Explain the major glacial events in Ontario's recent history and describe the resulting impacts on Surficial Geology and Landforms produced.

Potential Elements of the Performance:

- On maps of Ontario, describe the sequences of glacial advances and associated glacial lakes
- Explain Isostatic rebound and how this phenomenon has left its mark in Algoma District
- Identify and explain the formation of glacial landforms such as eskers, drumlins, kames, potholes, outwash plains and moraines
- Explain climate change in the recent epoch and its impact animal and plant populations

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5. Describe Climate as it affects Tourism in Ontario.

Potential Elements of the Performance

- Describe the paths taken by cyclones (lows) in winter and summer
- Generally set out on an Ontario map areas with the greatest snowfall and explain why the Great Lakes are the major reason for this
- Identify and access local weather information
- Using familiar signs make reasonable predictions about the weather to be expected in the ensuing 24 hours
- Describe weather conditions in winter and summer that may develop into potentially dangerous conditions for recreational activities including remote touring

6. Explain the significance of the geography in the region in and around Ontario to the tourism industry.

Potential Elements of the Performance:

- Describe early travel patterns by explorers in the Great Lakes region and how these influenced the locating of towns and cities
- Describe the role of railways and canals in opening up the hinterland
- Describe how resource extraction activities have contributed to the opening up of the northland
- Describe existing land travel patterns in the Great Lakes region and how these influence the tourism market in the region
- Describe the limitations of air travel in accessing the Northern Ontario region

III. TOPICS:

1. Geological Development of the Earth
 - Layers composing the earth
 - Plate tectonics
 - Magnetic reversals
 - Subduction zones and associated structures
 - mid-oceanic ridges
 - geological time scale in Ontario
 - development of present -day continents
 - methods used to date rocks and organic matter

2. Development of the Precambrian Shield
 - the Archean Continent
 - superior Province
 - southern province
 - Grenville province
 - the building stages that occurred to form the Precambrian shield
 - sedimentation, glaciation and metamorphism during Precambrian times
 - identification of important rocks and minerals

3. Sedimentary rock formation and types during the Paleozoic in Ontario.
 - main types of sedimentary rocks and their characteristics in Ont.
 - Middle Ordovician limestones of the North Channel
 - Upper Ordovician limestones of Manitoulin and S. Ont.
 - Silurian deposits of Manitoulin and the escarpment
 - More recent rocks in SW Ont. and the far north
 - Identification of sedimentary rock and associated fossils

4. Glacial history and resulting surficial geology
 - Sequences of glacial advances
 - Glacial lakes and isostatic rebound
 - Landforms left by lakes
 - Landforms associated with glacial movement
 - The impact of glaciers on archeology in Ontario
 - Climate change and impact on animal & plant populations

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5. Climate and tourism in Ontario
 - Patterns of movement of cyclones (lows)
 - Impact of the Great Lakes
 - Local weather information
 - Weather signs
 - Dangerous weather conditions in winter and summer
6. Ontario geography and tourism
 - Historical travel patterns
 - The role of railways and canals
 - Resource extraction activities
 - Present land travel patterns
 - Limitations to air travel in the north

IV REQUIRED RESOURCES/TEXTS/MATERIALS:

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, Ontario 1994. ROCK Ontario, Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, ROCK ON Series 1, 89 pp.

Pye, E.G. 1997. Roadside Geology of Ontario: North Shore of Lake Superior; Ontario GEOservices Centre, ROCK ON Series 2, 164 pp.

Robertson, J.A. and K. D. Card. Geology and Scenery, North Shore of Lake Huron Region; Ontario Geological Survey, Geological Guide Book 4, 224 pp.

Some Other Resources Available on Reserve in the Library:

American Geological Institute. 1984. Dictionary of Geological Terms. Toronto, Anchor Books, Doubleday 571 pp.

Chernicoff, S., H.A. Fox and R. Venkarakrishnan. 1997. Essentials of Geology. New York, Worth Publ. 411 pp. Appendices.

Cole, F.W. 1980. Introduction to Meteorology. Toronto, John Wiley & Sons. 505 pp.

Hewitt, D.F., and E.B. Freeman. 1978. Rocks and Minerals of Ontario, Revised Edition. Ontario Department of Mines and Northern Affairs, GC 13, 145 pp.

Government of Canada and United States Environmental Protection Agency 1995. The Great Lakes, An Environmental Atlas and Resource Book, 3rd Edition. Toronto, Government of Canada and Chicago, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 46 pp. (available in reference section).

Levin, H.L. 1990. Contemporary Physical Geology. Toronto, Saunders. 623 pp.

Meteorological Branch, Department of Transport, Canada. 1968. Weather Ways, Ottawa, Queen's Printer. 145 pp.

National Geographic Society. 1976. Our Continent, a Natural History of North America. Washington, National Geographic Society. 398 pp.

Theberge, J.B. 1989. Legacy, The Natural History of Ontario. Toronto, McClelland & Stewart Inc. 397 pp. (available in reference section)

Tovell, W. M. 1992. Guide to the Geology of the Niagara Escarpment, with Field Trips. Niagara Falls (ON), Niagara Parks Commission. 159 pp., Field Trips a-1 to J-8 and Appendices.

Thurston, P.C. et al. (Editors) 1991. Geology of Ontario, Ontario Geological Survey, Special Volume 4, Part 1. 711 pp.

Thurston, P.C. et al. (Editors) 1992. Geology of Ontario, Ontario Geological Survey, Special Volume 4, Part 2. 1525 pp.

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V. EVALUATION PROCESS/GRADING SYSTEM:**The final grade will be determined on the basis of the following:**

Term test 1- Units 1-3:	25%
Term test 2 - Units 4-6:	30%
Rock Identification Test:	10%
Mineral Identification Test:	10%
Presentation on Geological Feature:	5%
Participation & Reports (field trips)	10%
In class quizzes	<u>10%</u>
Total	100%

There will be 2 or 3 field trips to view geological formations in Algoma District including day-long trips on Manitoulin Is. during field camp. Attendance on field trips is mandatory. All marks for reports on these trips will be forfeited for non-attendance.

The following semester grades will be assigned to students in postsecondary courses:

<u>Grade</u>	<u>Definition</u>	<u>Grade Point Equivalent</u>
A+	90 - 100%	4.00
A	80 - 89%	3.75
B	70 - 79%	3.00
C	60 - 69%	2.00
R (Repeat)	59% or below	0.00
CR (Credit)	Credit for diploma requirements has been awarded.	
S	Satisfactory achievement in field placement or non-graded subject areas.	
U	Unsatisfactory achievement in field placement or non-graded subject areas.	
X	A temporary grade. This is used in limited situations with extenuating circumstances giving a student additional time to complete the requirements for a course (see <i>Policies & Procedures Manual - Deferred Grades and Make-up</i>).	
NR	Grade not reported to Registrar's office. This is used to facilitate transcript preparation when, for extenuating circumstances, it has been impossible for the faculty member to report grades.	

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Code No.**VI. SPECIAL NOTES:****Special Needs:**

If you are a student with special needs (e.g. physical limitations, visual impairments, hearing impairments, or learning disabilities), you are encouraged to discuss required accommodations with your instructor and/or the Special Needs office. Visit Room E1204 or call Extension 493, 717, or 491 so that support services can be arranged for you.

Retention of course outlines:

It is the responsibility of the student to retain all course outlines for possible future use in acquiring advanced standing at other postsecondary institutions.

The Professor reserves the right to change the information contained in this course outline depending on the needs of the learner and the availability of resources.

Substitute course information is available in the Registrar's office.

VII. PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT:

Students who wish to apply for advanced credit in the course should consult the instructor. Credit for prior learning will be given upon successful completion of the following:

VIII. DIRECT CREDIT TRANSFERS:

Students who wish to apply for direct credit transfer (advanced standing) should obtain a direct credit transfer form from the Dean's secretary. Students will be required to provide a transcript and course outline related to the course in question.